FOURTH EDITION

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The ports of Norfolk, Fernandina, and Pessasols have been opered by proclamation. It is
hoped that foreign merchants will now consider
whether it is not safer and more profitatio to
themselves as well as just to the United
States, to resert to these and other open
perts, than it is to pursue through many
bacards and at vast cost a contratund trade with
other ports which are closed, if not by actual
military pecupation, at least by a lawful
and effective blockede. For myself, I
have no dount of the power' and duty
of the Executive, under the law of nations, to
exclude enemies of the human race from an
assism in the United States.

If Concress should think that the proceedings
in such these lack the authority of law or ought
to be further regulated by it, I recommend that
provision be made for electually preventing
foreign slave trainers from acquiring domicile
and facilities for their criminal occupation in our The ports of Norfolk, Fernandina, and Penss

and facilities for their criminal occupation in our

to possible that if it were a new and open It is possible that if it were a new and open question, the maritime powers, with the lights also now enjoy, would not concede the privileges of a naval beligherent to the insurgents of the United States, destinate as they are and always have been equally of ships of war and of porse and bathors. Disloyal emissaries have been neither less assistances nor more successful during the last year than they were before that time in their afforts, under favor of that privilege, to embreil our country in foreign war. The desire and determination of the Governments of the maritime scats to defeat that design are believed to be as sincere, and cannot be more carnest than our Office.

our cwa.

Nevertheless, unforescen political difficulties have arisen, especially in Brazilian and British ports, and on the northern boundary of the United States, which have required, and are likely to centinue to require the practice of constant vigilance, and a just and conciliatory spirit on the part of the United States, as well as of the nations concerned and their governments.

Commissioners have been appointed under the treaty with Great Britain on the adjustment of the ciaims of the Hudson's Bay and Pager's Sound Agricultural Companies, in Oregon, and are now proceeding to the execution of the trust assigned to them.

assigned to them.

assigned to them.
In view of the insecurity of life and property
in the region adjacent to the Canadian border, by
reason of secret assaults and depredations comreason of secret assaults and depredations committed by inimical and desperate persons who are harbored there, it has been thought proper to give notice that after the expiration of aix months, the period loonditionally stipulated on the existing arrangement with Great Brhain, the United States must hold themselves at liberty to increase their naval armament upon the lakes, if they shall find that proceeding necessary. The condition of the border will pressaulty come into consideration to conessary. The condition of the horder will necessarily come into consideration in connection with the question of continuing or insulfying the rights of transit from Canada through the United States, as well as the regulation of imposts which were temporarily established by the Reciprocity Treaty of June 1861.

I desire, however, to be understood, while making this statement, that the Colonial authorities of Canada are not deemed to be intentionally unjust or unfriendly towards the United States,

unjust or unifically towards the United States, but, on the contrary, there is every reason to expect that, with the approval of the Imperial Government, they will take the necessary measures to prevent new incursions across the border.

The act passed at the last session for the encouragement of emancipation has, so far as was possible, been put into operation. It seems to need amendment, which will enable the officers to be incurred to the contract of the of the Government to prevent the practice of frauds against the immigrants while on their way, and on their arrival in the ports, so as to seems them here a free choice of avocations and places of settlement.

A liberal disposition towards this great national policy is manifested by most of the European States, and ought to be reciprocated on our part by giving the immigrants effective national pro-

I regard our imigrants as one of the principal replenishing streams which are appointed by Providence to repair the ravages of internal war, and its waste of material strength and wealth.

All that is necessary is to secure the flow of
that stream in its present fainess, and to that
end-the Government must in every way make it
manifest that it neither needs nor designs to impose involuntary military service upon those who come from other lands to cast their lot in our

The report of the Secretary of the Navy pre-sents a comprehensive and satisfactory exhibit of the affairs of that Department and of the naval service. It is a subject of congratulation and laudable pride to our countrymen that a navy of such vast proportions has been organized in so brief a period, and conducted with so much

efficiency and success.

The general exhibit of the navy, including ber, 1804, shows a total of 071 vessels, carrying 4610 guns, and of 510,396 tons, being an actual increase during the year over and above all losses. by shipwreck and battle, of 83 vessels, 167 guns, and 42,427 tons. The total number of men at this time in the naval service, including officers, is about 31 900. There have been captured by the navy during

the year \$24 vessels, and the whole number of naval captures since hostilities commenced is 1379, of which 297 are steamers. The gross proceeds arising from the sale of condemned property thus reported amount to \$14,395.20 A large amount of such proceeds is still u

A large amount of such proceeds is still under adjudication, and yet to be reported.

The total expenditure of the Navy Department of every description, including the cost of the immense squairons that have been called into existence, from the 4th of March, 1861, to the 1st of Navarhey 1864, a 2020 11.2. November, 1864, is \$228,647,262.35. [Your favorable consideration is invited to the various recommendations of the Secretary of the Navy, especially in regard to a Navy Yard and suitable establishment for the construction of iron vessels, and the machinery and armature for our ships, to which retirence has been made in my last Assual Message.

Assual Message.

Your satestion is also invited to the view expressed in the report in relation to the explanation of Congress at the last session in respect to prizes in our inland waters. I cordially concur in the recommendation of the Secretary as to the propriety of creating the new rank of rear-admiral our naval service.

In our usual service.

Your attention is invited to the report of the Postmaster General for a detailed account of the operations and financial condition of the Post Office Department. The postal revenue for the year, ending June 30th, 1864, amounted to \$12,438,233.78; and the expenditures to \$12,644,766.29; the excess of expenditures over receipts being \$206,659.42.

The views presented by the Postmaster-General on the subject of special grants by the Government in aid of the establishment of new lines of occan mail steamships, and the policy he recommends for the development of increased commercial intercourse with adjacent and neighborn and all the policy of the development of the special consideration of the development of the property of the special consideration of the development of the special consideration of the special considera ing countries, should receive the careful consid-

enation of Congress.

It is of noteworthy interest that the steady experson of population, improvement, and governmental institutions over the new and unoccupied portions of our country has scarcely been checked, much less impeded or destroyed, by our great civil war, which at the first glance would seem to have absorbed almost the cuttre agregies of the ration.

The organization and admission of the State of Newsda has been compileted in conformity with

Reyards has been completed in conformity with law and thusour excellents estem is firmly estab-lished in the mountains which once seemed a berren and uninhabitable waste between the Atlantic States and those which have grown up

en the Pacific Ocean.

The territories of the Union are generally in a condition of prosperity and rapid growth. Idaho and Montana, by reason of their great distance

and the interruption of communication with themand the interruption of communication with the by Indian hostilities, have been only partially organized; but it is understood that these difficulties are about to disappear, which will permit their Governments, like those of the others, to go into speedy and full operation.

I concur with him in the opinion that the pro-

I concer with fath it the opinion that the proportion of memory required to ment the expension consequent upon the war, derived from taxation, should be still further increased; and earnestly invite your attention to the replicit, to the end that there may be such additional legislation as shall be required to meet the just expectations of the Secretary.

the Scirciary.

The public debt on the let of July last, as appears by the books of the Treasury, amounted to one billion seven hundred and forty millions six hundred and ninety thousand four

business and forey-nine dollars and forey-nine cents. Probably, should the war continue for anotheryear, that amount will be increased by not our from five humanest millions.

Held as it is, for the most part, by our own people, it has become a substantial branch of national, though paratic property. For obvious reasons the more nearly this property can be distributed. distributed among all the people the better. I favor such general distribution, greater inductionals to become owners might, perhaps with

ments to become owners might, perhaps with good effect and without injury, be presented to persons of limited means.

With this view I suggest whether it might not be both competent and expedient for Congress to provide that a limited amount of some future issue of public securities might be held by any form of the problems, executive might be held by any issue of public scentities might be held by any from fide purchaser, exempt from taxation and from seizure for debt. Under such respictions and limitations as might be necessary to guart against abuse of so important a privilege. This would emable every pradent person to set aside a small annuity against a possible day of want. Privileges like those would render the possession of such securities, to the amount hosted, most desirable to every person of small means who might be able to save enough for the pur-

most desirate to every person of small means who inight be able to save enough for the purpose. The great advantage of citizens being creditors as well as debtors, with relation to the public debt, is obvious. They readily perceive that they cannot be much oppressed by a debt which they owe to themselves.

The public debt on the 1st day of July last, although somewhat exceeding the estimate of the The public debt on the 1st day of July last, although somewhat exceeding the estimate of the Secretary of the Treasury made to Congress at the commencement of the last session, falls short of the estimate of that officer made in the preceding December as to its probable amount at the beginning of this year by the sum of \$3,665,007,31.

This fact exhibits a satisfactory condition and

conduct of the operations of Treasury. The National Banking system is proving to be accept-able to capitalists and to the people. On the 23th day of November fivehundred and eighty-four National Banks had been organized, eighty-four National Banks had bean organized, a considerable number of which were concessions from State Banks. Changes from the State systems to the National systems are rapidly taking place, and it is hoped that very soon there will be in the United States no banks of issue not authorized by Congress, and no bank note circulation not secured by the Government. That the Government was the proposed. bank note circulation not secured by the Government. That the Government and the people will derive great benefit from this change in the banking systems of the country can hardly be questioned. The national system will create a reliable and permanent influence in support of the national credit, and protect the people against losses in the issue of paper money. Whather or not any further legislation is advisable for the suppression of State bank issues, it will be for Countries to determine.

ongress to determine.
It seems quite clear that the Treasury cannot e satisfactorily conducted unless the Govern-

ment can exercise a restraining power over the bank note circulation of the cauntry. The report of the Secretary of War, and the accompanying documents, will detail the cam-paigns of the armies in the field since the data pages of the armies in the held since the date of the last annual message, and also the opera-tions of the seveveral administrative bureaus of the War Department during the past year. It will also specify the measures essensial for the national defense, and to keep up and supply the requisite military force.

The financial affairs of the Government have been measured.

been successfully administered during the last

The legislation of the last session of Congress has beneficially affected the revenues, although sufficient time has not yet clapsed to experience the full effect of several of the provisions of the acts of Congress imposing increased taxation.

The receipts during the year from all sources, much the basis of variants signed has the Secret.

The receipts during the year from all sources, upon the basis of warrants signed by the Secretary of the Treasury, including loans and the belance in the Treasury on the 1st day of July, 1863, were \$1,394,796,007.62, and the aggregate disbursements upon the same basis were \$1,298,056,101.89, leaving a belance in the treasury, as shownly warrants, of \$96,639,905.73. Deduct from those amounts the amount of the principal of the public debt redeemed, and the amount of issues in substitution therefor, and the actual cash operations of the treasury were—Receipts, \$884,076,646.57. Disbursements \$805,234,087.86, which leaves a cash balance in the treasury of \$18,812,568.71.

balance in the treasury of \$18,542,568 71.

Of the receipts there were derived from enstoms, \$102,316,132-90; from lands, \$588,333 20; from direct taxes, \$475,648-96; from internal revenue, 109,741,134-10; from miscellaneous sources, \$47,511,448-19; and from loans applied to actual expenditures, including former balance, \$623,443,690-13. \$623,443,929-13.

There were disbursed for the civil service for pensions and Indians for the war department, \$690, 791,842-97; for the mavy department, \$35,733, 292-77; for interest on the public debt, \$53,685, 421-69; making an aggregate of \$865,234,037-8, and leaving a balance in the treasury of \$18,842, 558-71, as before stated.

As intimately connected with and promotive of this material growth of the nation, I ask the attention of Congress to the valuable information and important recommendation relating to the public lands, Indian affairs, the Pacific Railroad, and mineral discoveries contained in the report and mineral discoveries contained in the report of the Secretary of the Interior, which is herewith transmitted, and which report also em-braces the subjects of patents, pensions, and other topics of public interest pertaining to this De-The quantity of public land disposed of during

the five quarters ending on the 30th of September hat was 1,221,312 acres, of which 1,338 614 acres were entered under the homestead law. The remainder was located with military land warrants, agricultural scrip certified to States for railroads, and sold for each. The cash received from sales and location fees was \$1,010, 446.

and location rees was \$1,019,449.
The income from substduring the fiscal year anding Jane 30, 1864, was \$678,007-21, against \$138,077-65 received during the preceding year. The aggregate number of acres surveyed during the year has been equal to the quantity dispose of, and there is open to settlement about 133,000, 000 acres of surveyed land.

The great enterprise of connecting the Atlantic with the Pacific States by railways and tolegraph with the Pacific States by rallways and telegraph lines has been estered upon with a vigor that gives assurance of success, not withstanding the substrates me ults arising from the high prices of materials and labor. The route of the main line of the road has been definitely located for one hundred miles westward from the initial point at Omaha City, Nebraska, and a preliminary location of the Pacific Railroad of California, pas here nade from 2. liminary location of the Pasine Rallroad of Cali-fornia, has been made from Sactamento custward to the Great Bend of the Scuckerfiver in Nevada. Numerous dispoveries of gold, silver, and cinna-bar mines have been selded to the many horsto-fore known in the country occupied by the Sierra Nevada and Rocky Mountains, and the subordi-

note ranges now teem with enterprising labor, which is richly remunerative.

It is believed that the product of the mines of precious metals in that region has during the year, reached, if not exceeded, \$100,000,000.

It was recommended in my last annual message that our ladian system be remodelled. Contrast and the last region acting upon the gress, at its last session, acting upon the recommendation, did provide for reorganizing the system in California, and it is believed that under the present organization the management of the Indians there will be attended with reasonable SMECCHE.

(To be continued in the next edition.)

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

General Canby Getting Better.

MURDER OF A NAVAL OFFICER

Rise in the Mississippi.

New York, December 6 .- A letter from New Orleans, dated November 26, received via the Mississippi river, states that General Canby is rapidly recovering, and is now able to attend to his official business daily. General Ulimann is in chief command of all the forces at Morgansia. Nim's celebrated 2d Massachusetts Batters is now stationed at Morganzia.

Lieutenant A. D. Vallade, of the Sich United States Infantry, colored, of New York, was killed in an affair of the outposts on the 284.

On the 25th of November, Acting-Lieutenan Thatcher, commanding the gunboat Guzelle, was murdered by the Rebals while ashore on an island below the mouth of Red river, and his body brutally mangled,

The Mississippi river had risen eighteen feet at Morganzia in one week.

-The report that Thurlow Wood was nego tiating for the purchase of the Washington Notional Intelligencer is denied by the proprietor of that journal.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

A SAD CASE,-A case of some interest was heard before Alderman White yesterday. A young, beautiful girl, just entering the full prime of womanhood, appeared against her own husband, charging him with bigamy. She was supported by her father, a gentleman of respectable standing and extended influence in the village where he resides. The young girl's name is Fanny Arthur, and her home is in Stockton, New Jersey. About a year since a stranger from New York came to the village and became acquainted with the family of Mr. Arthur. His visits there increased. Fanny was a guileless country girl. unused to the wiles and arts of city life, and her heart was an easy conquest for the attentive stranger. They were married. A fairer bride

stranger. They were married. A fairer bride never wore the white veil of her bridal wreath than the old man's daughter as she left his side for the home and heart of the stranger.

Another six months passed. The stany days of marriage life had been unbroken and unmarred. The honeymoon lingered with the young couple, and the days slipped away merry and gladsone as bridat bells, when the dream of the young bride's happiness was dissipated. Her husband had always acted with apparent fairness in all his transactions with her family. He had in all his transactions with her family. He had given his name as Alexander Adams, and his tes-

given his name as Alexander Adams, and his tes-timonials from the city where he claimed the ac-quaintance of long years of residence, were un-doubted evidences of his sober, industrious, moral character. But now the young wife found that she was not a wife, that her husband had been married for years, and that his first wife and three children were living in New York.

The girl went home to her father, and the vil-lagers proposed to settle the matter, as far as the seducer was concerned, by a short rope and a shorter shrift. Adams anticipated their benevo-lent intentions to clevate him in the world, and he left for this city. Justice followed him. A warrant was issued for his arrest by Judge Cas-sidy, of New Jersey, and Adams was arrested in warrant was issued for his arrest of Judge Cas-sidy, of New Jersey, and Adams was arrested in this city. He refused to go to Jersey for trial, and he was primarily arraigned before Alderman White, until an application for a requisition to remove him to New Jersey could be procured from Governor Pather. The hearing was one of singular sadness. Adams was committed to await the action of the New Jersey authorities.

ARREST OF ALLEGED BURGLARS .- About day break this morning, two individuals were taken into custody under rather suspicious circumstances, upon the charge of being professional burglars. About 12 o'clock last night, as Officer Campbell, of the Second Police District, was standing at Fourth and Shippen streets, he observed twe men behaving in a strange manner. One of them stood near the curbstone, as if he was watching, while the other was close to the house and seemed to be fingering about the lock in the door. The officer walked towards the men, when they started off.

the steps of the men to a lager beer saloon on Fifth street, opposite Germon. The officers watched them from through the window, and saw one go up to the bar, and the other go an into the yard. Waiting until they came out, the officers commenced to search the suspected individuals, with a view of ascertaining whether they had anything on their persons to confirm sus-

Not finding anything, the men were released and started off. The officers next went into the lager beer saloon to ascertain what the men had been doing there. They went into the yard, and there found a set of false keys tied up in a hand-kerchief, which one of the thieves had deposited after he found his steps were being dogged by the officers. The keys were taken pos by the officers, who determined to set watch and see if the men would return for their property. Accordingly, about 5 o'clock this morning, one of the men, together with a companion, made his appearance at the saloon. One of them went, into the yard, evidently to hunt the keys The officers then arrested both. They mave the names of Joseph Lockard and Joseph Henkle man, and were locked up for a further inve

THE PERNSYLVANIA STATE GUARD AND THE DEAFT .- Major R. I. Dodge has received the following order from Provost Marshal-General Fry concerning the organization of the Pennsylvania State Guard :-

WAR DEPARTMENT, PROVOST MARSHAL-GUNE RAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 29, 1864.—To Major R. E. Dodge, 12th United States Infantry, Acting Assistant Provost Mar-shai-General, Harrisburg, Pa.—Major: The Secretary of War directs me to inform you that the President of the United States has ordered as follows —In case the Governor of Pennsylvania shall organize the Pennsylvania State Guard, and put in service under State act for that purpose a number not exceeding five thousand, it is ordered that any member of said organization being crafted into the United States service he at one furioughed, so as to retain his place in said Mate organization, not receiving pay of the United States, but the time counting on his term under the draft. You are instructed to see that the orders of the President are strictly conformed to.

A NEW CHURCH .-- At the corner of Broad and Oxford streets a new Presbyterian church is to be erreited. The lot was purchased by the con gregation of the Presbyterian church now located in Girard avenue, west of Broad street. The lot is one hundred feet front by two handred and twenty-five feet deep. Its cost was twenty-five thousand dollars. Upon it the congregation are now commencing the crection of a church, for which they have raised the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars. The congregation in question are determined to erect a temple of worship that shall at once be an ornament to the neighborhood and a landmark to coming generations.

THE PRAUDS AT THE NAVY YARD AND ARSENAL.-Colonel H. S. Olcott, Special Commissioner of the War and Navy Departments,

who is at present in this city engaged in a thorough investigation of the frauds and larcenies, both at the Navy Yard and Schuylkill Arsenal, makes a special request that all good efficens will communicate to him any facts relalive to frauds, embezziements, or larcenies of public property, either at the Navy Yard or

Arsenal.

The public may rest assured that he has both the power and the disposition to expose and purels the power and the disposition to expose and purels the guilty, without regard to position or influence. The investigations which he is making have no political bias, but are simply the result of a settled policy of the Government. Communications must be accompanied by the address of the writer, but whenever desired will be considered confidential.

GRAND LODGE OF A. Y. M. OF PENNSYLVASIA A stated quarterly communication of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Pennsylvania was held last evening at the Half, on Chesnot street, when the following named officers were elected .- Brother Lucius H. Scott, Right Worshipful Grand Master, Dr. D. C. Skerrest having declined a re-election; Brother John . Goddard, R. W. D. G. M.; Brother Richard L. Goddard, R. W. D. G. M.; Brother Richard Vaux, R. W. S. G. W.; Brother Robert A. Lamberton, R. W. J. G. W.; Brother Peter Williamson, R. W. G. S.; Brother W. H. Adams, R. W. G. S. Trusters of the Grand Lodge Coarity Fund—Brother Joseph S. Rilley, William F. Black, A. S. Marpherson, Jacob Loudensinger, George Griscom. Trustes of the Grand Bequiss—Brother Samuel H. Perkins, James Hutchinson, David Boyd, David Jayne, M. D., George Thomson. Trustees of Masonic Lam-Brothers William Hadger, James Stileius, William Barger, Alexancet Kirkpatrick, John U. Giller.

Recutting.—This morning the Mayor Issued

RECEUTING. -This morning the Mayor issued warrants for the city bounty to 29 men, of whom 15 were enlisted for three years, 2 for four years and 3 for two years. There were credited to the Ninth Ward, 4: Twenty-fourth Ward, 3: Sixth Ward, 1: Tenth Ward, 8; Fifteenth Ward, 2: Twelfth Ward, 1; Fourth Ward, 1.

COPPER COUNTRY.-The United States Mint in this city has coined within six months abou eighteen million of the new copper cents. The November report of that institution states that five million six hundred and ten thousand cents and three million one hundred and forty-five thousand two-cent pieces were coined last me Where do they go

FIRE.-This morning, shortly before 9 o'clock a slight fire occurred in the basement of a house at No. 1107 Rodman street.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS IN PENNSYLVANIA .- The official vote for Presidential Electors, for the State of Pennsylvania was announced yesterday. The aggregate number was amounced yesterday. The aggregate numb of votes were five hundred and seventy-two thousand an hundred and ninety-seven (572,067). Of the number Mourton McAirchael (Union) received two hundred and unnety-sex thousand three hundred are eighty-nine (200,389), and Hour L. Johnson (D. nucrati two hundred and seventy-six thousand three hundred and cight (270,388). Mr. McMacharit properties to twenty thousand and eighty-one (70,08) this includes the sodiers' vote. Johnson run a hundred against the rest of his steket. The Escate have all been notined, and the countries are all in.

A YOUNG LARY LOW Control of the countries are all in.

A YOUNG LADY LOST .- A young lady, about 16 years of age, named ANNA KULLER, arrived in this city about one week ago, from Pittsburg, in company with a lady named Mrs. Dunnin. She ha een sejourning with a lady acquaintance, named Mrs. Howk, who resides somewhere in Ninth street in this city. Yesterday afternoon, while out walk-ing, she lost her way, and not knowing the number or location of Mrs. Howe's residence, has not succeeded in finding her stopping place. She is being temporarily cared for at No. 439 Cherry street, where her irlends can find her.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL COMPANY .- The Mingo I Company has demonstrated the success which always attends energy, honesty and intelligence. It has been organized by the election of gentlemen of the first respect ability as its officers, and beneath their careful manage meet it has to-day a receipt of upwards of ninety barrels or one thousand dollars per day. It holds a one fourth or one thousand donars per day, it needs a one-fourn interest in the Read Weil on Cherry Run, which yields seventy-tive barrels, and also sixteen more from its Pennybaker leases. It also owns a farm of ninety-stabit (16) neves, near the widely celebrated Mayle Stade Parm. and will commence boring shortly. It has declared its first dividend of two per cent, and will be, ere long, one of the surest and richest companies engaged in the oll interest.

Ho! Ho! You'RE GETTING BALD, ARE YOU Well, that is a missertune, and not a crime; but to remain hald when so line an opportunity offers to restore your hair, by a faithful and Hoeral use of Dr. D. Jayne's Harr Tonic, is but tattle short of crime. This valuable pre-paration exches the scalp to a new and healthy action, cleanses it from sear f and dandruff, prevents the hair from falling off, cures those eruptive diseases which often appear on the head, and in a majority of cases produces a ine growth of new hair. It also gives the hair suffed appearance, unequalted by anything of the kind. Prepared only at No. 242 Chesnut street,

A GREAT REPUTATION .- There has never been any invention given to the world which in the same period of time so effectually went its way into universal favor as the "Florence" Sewing Machine, sold in this city at No. 630 Cheatait street. All who examine it are delighted with the manner in which if operates. It makes no less than four different stirches, and executes all kinds of family sewing with meatners, durability, and desnatch, machine sold is warranted to give entisfaction, or the money will be returned to the purchaser.

GRAND DISPLAY OF WINTER CLOTHING,-Grand Display of Winter Clothing. Grand Display of Winter Clothing.

At Chas. Stokes & Co. s. At Chas. Stokes & Co. s. At Chas. STORES & Co.'s. Under the Continental Hotel, Under the Continental Hotel, Under the Continental Hotel

To PURCHASE CLOTHING AT LOW PRICES, make

Tower Hall, No. 518 Market street.

COMPLIMENTARY.-My hair is now restored to posithful color, I have not a gray hair left. I am satised that the preparation is not a dra, but acts on the cretions. My hair censes to fall, which is certainly an advantage to me, who was in dancer of becoming bald Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamun, ar Hair Breesing. Every draugist sells them.

ROASTED ALMONDS, Chocolate, and Cream Caraels, superior quality and flavors, manufactured by E. G. Whilman & Co., No. 318 Chesnut street.

GEORGE STECK & Co.'s Planos and Mason & CABINET ORGANS.

Over 500 of each of liber fine instruments have been sold by Mr.

O, and the cemand is constantly it revealing. CABINET FIANO ireceasing.
FORTERS, For sale only by
FORTERS, Seventh and Chesout streets.

Do You Know Dean has removed to No. 413 "heaving street? He sells Tobacco, Cigare, Pipes, &c., fitty per cent, less than any other man in this city. Esmember ream, No. 415 Cheanut street.

RABE AND EXQUISITE CONFECTIONS for the olidays, now ready at E. G. Whitman A Co., No. 318

Photograpus of natural styles, accurate likecouses, and exquisitely finished, at B. F. Reimor's Gallery, No. 224 Arch street. Go early, and avoid the crowd. Remember the days are short.

Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, -Ail who have

used this standard Medicine for ASTRMAC CONSTMETION. BRONCHITES. PLECRISY, WHOOPING COUGH. CHOUP, COURTS AND COLDS. MOARSENESS,

or any Palinopary Completet, attend its markings. Lo broad of this het, we would state thid for other years. cach surcceding year has added to its popularity, and exis need the demand, until now it is known and appreciated in all quarters of the world, and admitted to be the Great envery of the Age torgini class of diseases for which it expectative designed.

REPENT COURS AND COLDS, Phoenic Pales, doing, and expectorant power.

ASTHMA it always cures. It overcomes the spanmodic currection of the mryweels, and by promising free sacotocation at ones removes all difficulties of breathing. BRONCHITIS readily yields to the Expectorant. It subtive the inflammation which extends through the wind when profinces free expectoration, and suppresses at our , wing born flysees will

CONSUMPTION. - For this institions and futal discuss to emady on earth for ever been found to effectual. It subdues the inflammation, policies the sough and pain, removes the difficulty of breathing, and produces an easy expectoration, whereby all irritating and obstructing madters are removed from the inver-WHOOPING COUGHTs promptly reflexed by this Expen-

want. It shortens the duration of the disease one-hair, and reatly mitigates the sufferings of the patient. READ PULMONARY COMPLAINTS, INCHOUP, PLEU-

may, &c., it will be found to be prempt, safe, pleasant Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne & Son, No. 242 Chesay

JAVA COTYER, PRESH BOARTED FRESH BOARTED FARSH DAVIS & RICHARDS, AMOUNT TOUT Choice Old Government

Burgiar Alarm Telegraph.—The PubTi 2

JOHN A. MURPHEY, No. 012 CHESNUT Street.

George Steck & Co.'s MARON & HAMLIN'S
CARLINET ORGAN'S.
Over Ro of cach of these dae
Instruments have been sold by
Mr. G., and the demand is constantly increasing.
For sale only by
CABLINET J. E. GOULD, Seventh and Chesnut streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

A CADEMY OF MUSIC THIRD WEEK

EDWIN FORREST. MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND FRIDAY, "KING LEAR." The CHOICE SEATS of the Academy to be had at the Book Stand, Commental Hotel. 12:5

JOHN B. GOUGH, ESQ,

WILL DELIVER THREE LECTURES IN

CONCERT HALL. AS FOLLOWS:-

THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 8, "PECULIAR PEOPLE." FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 9.

"TEMPERANCE." These will be the only Lectures by Mr. Gough in this

The sale of tickets will begin at Martion's, No. 88 renut street, on Saturday morning, at 9 c clock. They I also be sold at the Hall on the evening of each Luc

ture.
Deors open at 7 o'c'ock. Lecture at 8 o'clock.
As the demand for tickets will coubless be great, early application will be necessary to secure seats.

12-1 A MERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Theatre.) Stage Manager......JOHN B. WRIGHT SHARESPEARE'S SUBLIME TRAGEDY.

TWO MIGHTS ONLY, POSTTYPELY,
MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS,
DECEMBER 5th and 6th,
Will appeals his
WOLLD-RENOWNED IMPERSONATION

n Slakespears's sublime tragedy of that name Miga Alica Gray Cordeba. Miss Alice Gray
MONDAY, TUESDAY, THOUSDAY, AND FRIDAY
NGHTA.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.
No performance on WEDNESDAY of SATURDAY

eventure.

Blakespeare's celebrated Trapedy of

HAMLET If A M L E T

Is in active preparation.

The Bax Sheet, for the sale of sourced places, now open between the hours of hand 4% or both.

Admission, 50 and 30 cents.

Secured Seats Societa and tilenal.

EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART, FOR the BENFFIT of the CHRISTIAN COMMISSION, at the ACALEMY OF FINE ARTS. An Exhibition of a Private Collection of Works of Art, in Paintings, feeiplure, Water Color, and other Drawings, Engravings, Act, is now open at the Pennsylvania Academy of Fise Arts, No. 1026 CHESNUT Street, from S.A. M. to 10 F. M., for the benefit of the Christian Constitution of the Chrisi Admission 25 cents : Season Tickets 50 cents. 11-26t-1-1

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OBESNUT STREET THEATRE. GROVER & SINN, LESSEES AND MANAGERS,

TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 6,
THE HIT OF THE SEASON,
A GLORIOUS SUCCESS,
Do of the Laborat Aldrew Establisher

NUMBER OF CONTROL OF THE BOSTONIA SEARCH STREET OF LICENSON SERVING SE

BUAUTY AND PASHON, BEAUTY AND PASHON, BEAUTY AND PASHON,

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OTH

NEW AND REAL THOU SCRUERY, NEW AND REAL THOU SCRUERY, NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCRUERY, NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCRUERY, RUHARD SMITH,
RUHARD SMITH,
RUHARD SMITH,
CORRECT AND CONTLY WARDRODE,
CORRECT AND CONTLY WARDRODE,
CORRECT AND CONTLY WARDRODE,
Sectored originally for this please under the

Manusactured originally for this pleas under the immadiane subservision of DION HOCCICATET,
DION HOCCICATET,
DION HOCCICATET,
When first produced at Wallack a Theatre. New York, with several additions by Mrs. ECKER and Assistance;
SPLENDID AND SPIRITED MUSIC SPECIAL SPIRITED AND ACCESSORIES,
By Joseph Scalam and Thomas Biackburn;
PROPERTIES AND ACCESSORIES,
By John DORSE and Assistants, and ST
EXCELLENT DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS,
In the Last Sacne of this Grand Spectacle, the
STORMING OF THE REDAN,
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STORMING OF THE REDAN,

GRAND CHARGE OF THE HIGHLANDERS
SEAND CHARGE OF THE HIGHLANDERS
GRAND CHARGE OF THE HIGHLANDERS
GRAND CHARGE OF THE HIGHLANDERS
EMBEONS IN ACTIVE COMILET
OVER 100 PERSONS
OVER 100 PERSONS
OVER 100 PERSONS
Upon the State at the same time, noming a table

Upon the Stage at the same time, norming a tableau of such thrilling and powerful error as to at once cause the CARLATEST LATHITISIASM IN EVELTY BEHOLDER. The evering a cate same interesting train of interesting train of the work with the wars in which Mr. Water Leuner, Mr. J. T. Ward, and Comments will appear.

party will appear.

RATTERDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 10,
SINTEENTH GRAND FAMILY MATINE F.

JESSIE BROWN: OR, THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE. FOURTH WEER
of the extraordinary engagement of the charming, able,
and versatile young actives.
MISS LUGILLE WESTERN,

who will appear
THIS EVENING
In a new, thrilling, and beautiful Play, in a Prelogue and
four acts, by J. W. Walnet, br. entitled
GENEA, THE REBREW MOTHER,
Genea, the Helieve Mation. LUCILLE WESTERN
Genea, a Fernon-Toler. LUCILLE, WESTERN
The relearest, "CECILLE; Or. Love and Hate,"
Box Office open from 9 till 3. Curtain rises at 714.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH ST.

HOUSES CROWDED TO OVERFLOWING.
SECOND WEEK OF J. S. CLARKE.
THIS (Mo day) EVENING, Decimor 5,
EVENINODY'S FRIEND.
Major De Boots.
To conclude with Boudcaudt's Draws,
THE WILLOW COPSE.
J. S. CLA ...J. S. CLARKE

Augustus. J. B. CLARKE
TUESDAY, THE TUKET OF LEAVE MAN,
FRUDAY,
BENEFIT OF J. S. CLARKE,
BENEFIT OF J. S. CLARKE. A SSEMBLY BUILDINGS, WEDNESDAY, December 7, FOURTH CLASSICAL MATINES,

CHRIST REJECTED.

This admirable Picture, the greatest production of the painter WEST, is now on exhibition at the ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS, No. 1025 CHESNUT Street, Together with the entire collection of the Institution. Adminance, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

ARMY BALLOON ASCENSIONS. THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING, AND DURING ALL CALM WEATHER THIS WEEK,

At Cor. of FIFTEENTH and COATES Sts. The weather being fine, those wishing an assembles should be on hand early. The city lighted by gas presents a most sublime speciacle. a most substine speciacle.

Admission, 75 cents. (filldren, 15 cents.

Ascensions from \$2 to \$5, according to stittade and time
occupied.

11-15

OFFICE OF THE CITY BOUNTY Sound Commonwealth Buildings,
No. 613 CHESNUT Street.

Philiabelly May December 5, 1864.

Solice is hereby given that the Hounity offered by the
City of Philiabelly may be paid for any recruit mustered into the service of the United States after Monday,
December 12, inst.

Us to and including that day Bounty will be paid as
herefore for recruits mustaced into the Regular Army
and Savy.

[12-6-61] R. P. KING, President.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF THE Second National Bank of Phindephia.

Figure 1 of Phindephia Phi

Condition of the Bank this 5th day of Docember, 1964.

B. 4. 60. W. H. BHAWN, Cashler.

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVA—
NIA MILITIA.

GENERAL OUDFILES, NO. 54.

I. The Commander in Caller, in amouncing that MajorGeneral Curch has been by the Way Department relieved
from the command of the Department of the Susquelama, and othered to service in the field, deems it must be
expless the regret which he feels at the cormunation of the
relations which have assisted during more than engineen
months, between that efficer and the State authorities,
and to say that the promptitude, expressives viger, and
integrity with which General Couch at all thous fulfilled
at the curious in the Department, have enthied him to the
bightest exteem and regard.

The critisens of Fenricylvania have learned to know his
morn, and which general to hear of that new distinction
which, in series service, his skill, spirit, and callaintry cash
not fail to sold to his already high reputation as a particle
and assolder.

If the Commander-in-Chief deems it a proper subject
of congratuation that the command of the Department
devolves open Major-General Exclusions, a citizen of
our own State, and a non-confidence of the congrainment.

Governor and Commander-in-Claigh

A. L. Russatt. Adjutant. Ueneral Pennsylvania. 12 4-31

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